General Certificate of Education (A-level) June 2013

Mathematics
MM03

## (Specification 6360)

Mechanics 3

## Final

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## Key to mark scheme abbreviations

| M | mark is for method |
| :---: | :---: |
| m or dM | mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method |
| A | mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy |
| B | mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy |
| E | mark is for explanation |
| Jor ft or F | follow through from previous incorrect result |
| CAO | correct answer only |
| CSO | correct solution only |
| AWFW | anything which falls within |
| AWRT | anything which rounds to |
| ACF | any correct form |
| AG | answer given |
| SC | special case |
| OE | or equivalent |
| A2,1 | 2 or 1 (or 0 ) accuracy marks |
| -x EE | deduct $x$ marks for each error |
| NMS | no method shown |
| PI | possibly implied |
| SCA | substantially correct approach |
| c | candidate |
| sf | significant figure(s) |
| dp | decimal place(s) |

## No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award full marks. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn no marks.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns full marks, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains no marks.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Use of Impulse-momentum principle $\begin{aligned} & \int_{(0)}^{(T)}(3 t+1) \mathrm{d} t=2(5)-2(1) \\ & {\left[\frac{3}{2} t^{2}+t\right]_{(0)}^{(T)}=(8)} \end{aligned}$ $3 T^{2}+2 T-16=0$ $(3 T+8)(T-2)=0$ <br> or $\quad T=\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4-4(3)(-16)}}{2(3)}$ <br> ( $T=-\frac{8}{3}$ unacceptable, not <br> in the interval $0 \leq t \leq 3$ ) $\underline{T=2}$ | M1 <br> A1 <br> A1 <br> A1 <br> m1 <br> A1 | 6 | $\int_{(0)}^{(T)}(3 t+1) \mathrm{d} t= \pm 2(5) \pm 2(1)$ <br> Condone sign error for M1 <br> A1 for all correct <br> Correct integration, PI by the correct quadratic <br> Correct use of correct limits and rearrangement <br> Solution of their quadratic, correct attempt needed |
|  | Total |  | 6 |  |
| 2 | $\begin{aligned} & {[P]=\mathrm{MLT}^{-2} \cdot \mathrm{~L}^{2} \cdot \mathrm{~T}^{-1}=\mathrm{ML}^{2} \mathrm{~T}^{-3}} \\ & {[m g v \sin \theta]=\mathrm{M} \cdot \mathrm{LT}^{-2} \cdot \mathrm{LT}^{-1}=\mathrm{ML}^{2} \mathrm{~T}^{-3}} \\ & {[R v]=\mathrm{MLT}^{-2} \cdot \mathrm{LT}^{-1}=\mathrm{ML}^{2} \mathrm{~T}^{-3}} \\ & {\left[\frac{1}{2} m v^{3} \frac{\sin \theta}{h}\right]=\mathrm{M} \cdot \mathrm{~L}^{3} \mathrm{~T}^{-3} \cdot \mathrm{~L}^{-1}=\mathrm{ML}^{2} \mathrm{~T}^{-3}} \end{aligned}$ <br> The formula is dimensionally consistent | B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> E1 |  | For correct unsimplified dimensions of quantities <br> All simplifications correct <br> Dependent on the last B1 |
|  | Total |  | 6 |  |





| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | (Let $v_{B}=a \mathbf{i}-b \mathbf{j}$ ) |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{a}{b}=\frac{3}{2}$ | M1 |  | Allow sign error |
|  | $\frac{a}{b}=\frac{3}{2}$ | A1 |  | OE |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (Squares are smooth } \Rightarrow \mathrm{j} \text { component } \Rightarrow \text { ) } \\ & b=3 \end{aligned}$ | B1 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & a=\frac{9}{2} \\ & \left(v_{B}=\frac{9}{2} \mathbf{i}-3 \mathbf{j}\right) \end{aligned}$ | A1 | 4 | AG |
| (b) | (C.L.M. along the line of centres:) $4(4)-2(2)=4\left(v_{A}\right)+2\left(\frac{9}{2}\right)$ | M1 |  | OE, No sign errors |
|  | $v_{A}=\frac{3}{4}$ <br> (Restitution along the line of centres:) $e=\frac{-\frac{3}{4}+\frac{9}{2}}{4+2} \quad \text { OE }$ | A1 M1 A1 |  | M1 for correct terms, A0 for sign error |
|  | $e=\frac{5}{8}$ | A1 | 5 |  |
| (c) | ( $I=$ Change in momentum of $B$ along the line of centres) |  |  |  |
|  | $=2\left(\frac{9}{2} \mathbf{i}\right)-2(-2 \mathbf{i})$ | M1 |  | Allow sign error and missing $\mathbf{i}$ |
|  | $=13 \mathrm{i}$ | A1 |  | A0 for magnitude or $-13 \mathbf{i}$ |
|  | Ns or $\mathrm{kg} \mathrm{m} \mathrm{s}^{-1}$ | B1 | 3 |  |
|  | Total |  | 12 |  |



| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(b) |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & v_{A} \\ & 150 \end{aligned} \quad\left[\begin{array}{l} v_{H} \\ 240 \end{array}\right.$ | M1 |  | Right-angled triangle with 240 and 150 marked. |
|  |  | A1 |  | Correct orientation |
|  | $\cos \alpha=\frac{150}{10} \quad \text { or } \quad \sin \beta=\frac{150}{20}$ | M1 |  |  |
|  | $\alpha=51.3^{\circ} \quad$ or $\quad \beta=38.7^{\circ}$ | A1 |  | PI by correct bearing |
|  | Bearing: $031.3^{\circ}$ | A1 | 5 | Allow 31.3 |
|  | Total |  | 14 |  |
|  | TOTAL |  | 75 |  |

